

TAIWAN

Acer

30 October 2008

2353 TT **Neutral**

Stock price as of 29 Oct 08	NT\$	40.40
12-month target	NT\$	45.00
Upside/downside	%	+11.4
Valuation	NT\$	42.00-51.00
- Sum of Parts		

GICS sector	technology hardware & equipment	
Market cap	NT\$m	106,766
30-day avg turnover	NT\$m	1,166.5
Market cap	US\$m	3,181
Number shares on issue	m	2,643

Investment fundamentals

Year end 31 Dec		2007A	2008E	2009E	2010E
Total revenue	bn	462.1	589.0	647.5	686.7
Reported profit	bn	13.0	13.1	12.5	13.6
Profit bonus exp	bn	10.7	13.1	12.5	13.6
Bon exp/rep prof	%	17.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Adjusted profit	bn	9.3	10.6	11.5	12.6
EPS rep	NT\$	5.33	4.92	4.73	5.13
EPS rep growth	%	10.1	-7.7	-4.0	8.6
EPS bonus exp	NT\$	4.39	4.92	4.73	5.13
EPS bonus growth %		21.7	12.1	-4.0	8.6
PE rep	x	7.6	8.2	8.5	7.9
PE bonus exp	x	9.2	8.2	8.5	7.9
Total DPS	NT\$	3.18	2.97	2.84	3.08
Total div yield	%	7.9	7.4	7.0	7.6
ROA	%	4.7	5.1	4.9	5.0
ROE	%	12.4	13.0	12.9	13.1
EV/EBITDA	x	7.1	6.4	6.1	5.6
Net debt/equity	%	-24.4	-15.7	-14.7	-18.6
Price/book	x	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1

2353 TT rel Taiex performance, & rec history



Source: Datastream, Macquarie Research, October 2008 (all figures in NT\$ unless noted)

Analyst

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Many concerns

Event

- We lower our TP from NT\$55.3 to NT\$45 and maintain our Neutral rating. We have been more negative than the street since 1H08 as we believe Acer may face various challenges from 2H08 onward. We expect Acer to suffer not only from a weakening fundamental outlook, but also from we believe unrealistic expectations by the street.

Impact

- **Macquarie vs consensus** – Our 2009E sales growth of 9% is well below the street's 18–20% expectation and our margin forecasts are also lower than consensus due to anticipated, severe price wars.
- **Street's high expectation** – Consensus is looking at 18–20% sales growth in 2009, which we believe is very difficult to achieve. We expect NB ASP to fall by as much as 15% in 2009, and think Acer needs to generate much stronger shipment growth to meet such high expectations. In addition, global NB demand should come in lower next year and Acer's newly acquired brands are also losing share. All will likely make Acer difficult to meet such high growth numbers.
- **US margin to fall very quickly** – We believe Acer's US margins will face greater challenges given price competition. US demand is dropping very quickly while its competition is surging. Apple, Lenovo and Dell are all entering the mainstream consumer market in the US. We believe everyone is fighting for a shrinking pie. Acer has 30% sales exposure to the US, which may suffer falling margins. We think component cost savings will not be able to offset such price competition.
- **Falling European demand** – Our recent checks indicate that European demand has shrunk rapidly from October. We see Pan-Europe and Russia falling off a cliff due to various reasons such as credit tightening, Euro depreciation, low consumer confidence, and a falling economy.
- **Requiring efficient working capital management** – Acer's net cash to equity has dropped from 2006's 49% to 1H08's 10% due to its aggressive acquisitions. Acer's operating cashflow is weaker than previous years given inventory requirements from a surge of revenue. We worry that it may quickly need to raise debt to fund its business or turn to a more conservative strategy.

Earnings revision

- We cut our 2009 OP profit by 8% due to more conservative sales and margins.

Price catalyst

- 12-month price target: NT\$45.00 based on a Sum of Parts methodology.
- Catalyst: Slower sales and conservative margin outlook.

Action and recommendation

- Acer's valuation is not that demanding, in our opinion, after the market's recent massive selling. However, as we believe Acer is facing various challenges and high street expectations, the stock is unlikely to outperform. Our TP is based on sum-of-parts with 9x its 2009E core earnings. We believe 9x is reasonable and in line with global peers, considering its growing risks.

Please refer to the important disclosures and analyst certification on inside back cover of this document, or on our website www.macquarie.com.au/research/disclosures.

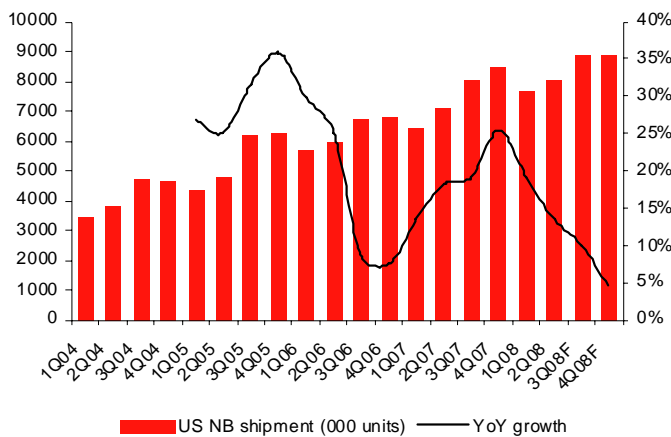
Various concerns

While the majority of analysts remain bullish on Acer, we hold our more conservative view and believe headwinds for Acer are just underway. We have been highlighting Acer's concerns since 1H08 and these concerns have not been removed, but seem to be worsening. Below are our concerns.

US margins will be under great pressure

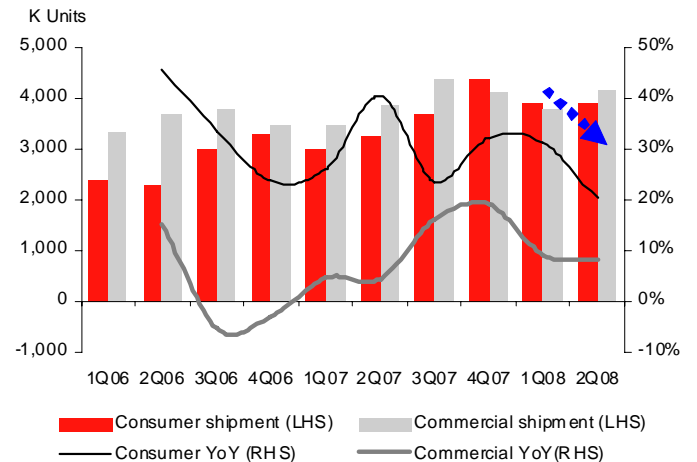
US NB demand is falling rapidly due to both a falling economy and mature market. While the demand pie is shrinking, we see its competition rising very rapidly. Both Dell and Lenovo are facing growth challenges due to their exposure to the commercial segment. Both giants are now jumping into the mainstream consumer market in the US.

Fig 1 US NB demand is shrinking



Source: Macquarie Research, October 2008

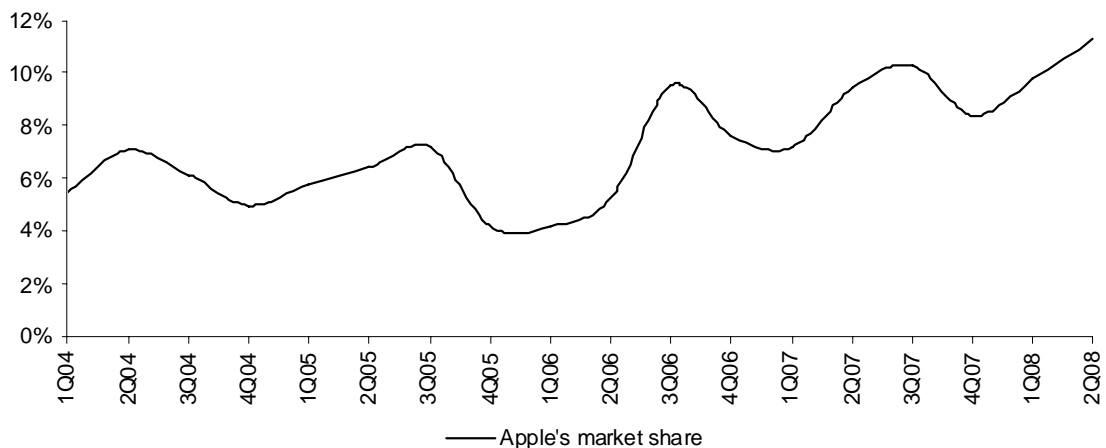
Fig 2 US consumer NBs are also falling



Source: Macquarie Research, October 2008

In addition, Apple's NB market share in the US also surged to 11–12% (No 3 in the region). In our view, Apple is now moving into the mainstream consumer market by offering more affordable prices. We see everyone now fighting for a shrinking pie, so we believe margins in the US are about to drop. Acer has about 30% sales exposure to the US, which we believe will be at risk. In fact, Acer's OPM is the lowest among the tier one, so the company will be very sensitive to any price wars.

Fig 3 Apple market share in the US is very high now



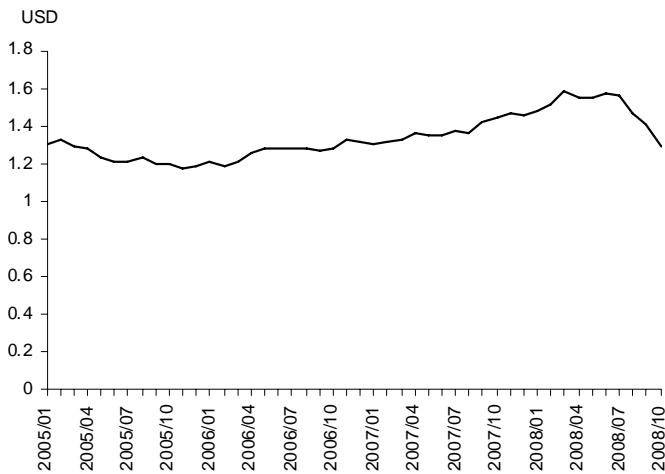
Source: IDC, Macquarie Research, October 2008

Falling pan European demand

European demand has been strong over the past few quarters due to the strong Euro in 1H08 and a stable economy. While the Euro zone economy has fallen rapidly in the past few months, we now see evidence that the financial crisis has affected consumers' overall demand for NBs. Our recent checks suggest that Pan-European demand has fallen rapidly recently due to following reasons:

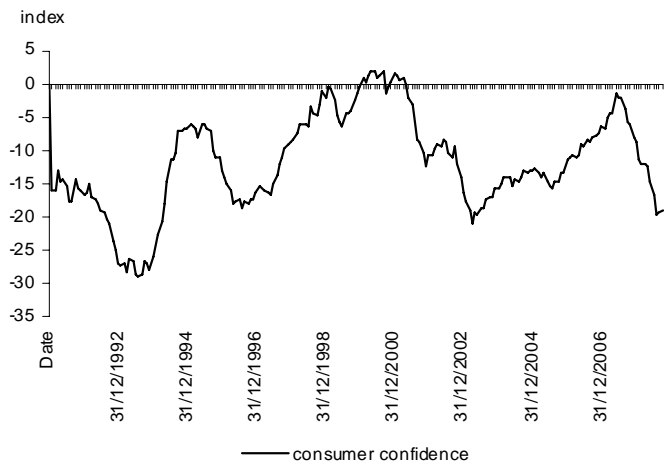
- 1) **Credit tightening** – demand is weak while channel distributors are also very conservatively building their inventory due to tight credit market.
- 2) **Euro depreciation** – The Euro dollar has depreciated rapidly since 3Q08 (see Fig 4) due to the weakening economy. The depreciation has lowered consumers' purchasing power.
- 3) **Low consumer confidence** – We expect pan European PC demand to peak in the 2Q-3Q08 period and begin to fall in the following quarters. Acer has over 40% exposure to Europe and may suffer the most.

Fig 4 Euro dollar has begun to depreciate



Source: TEJ, Macquarie Research, October 2008

Fig 5 Euro consumer confidence index

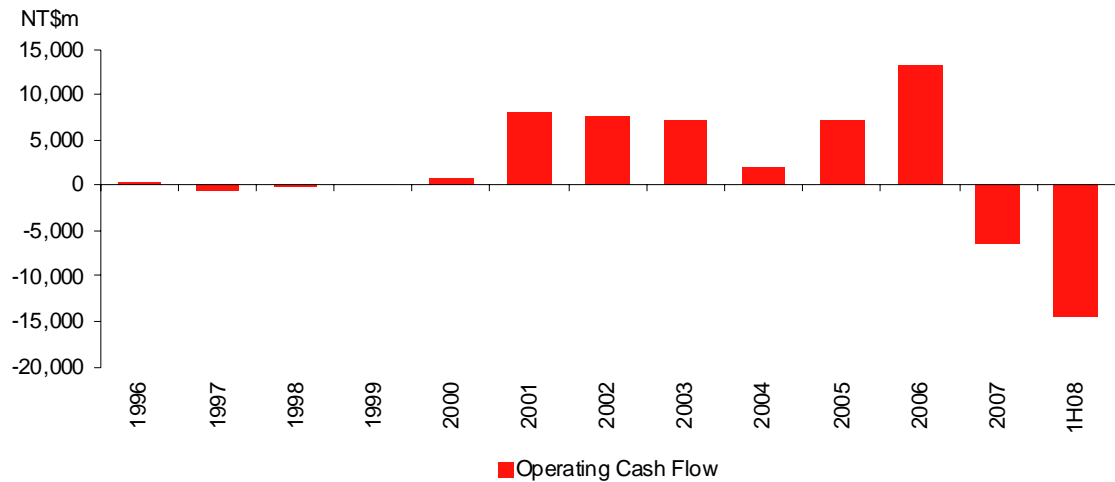


Source: European commission, Macquarie Research, October 2008

Working capital requirement

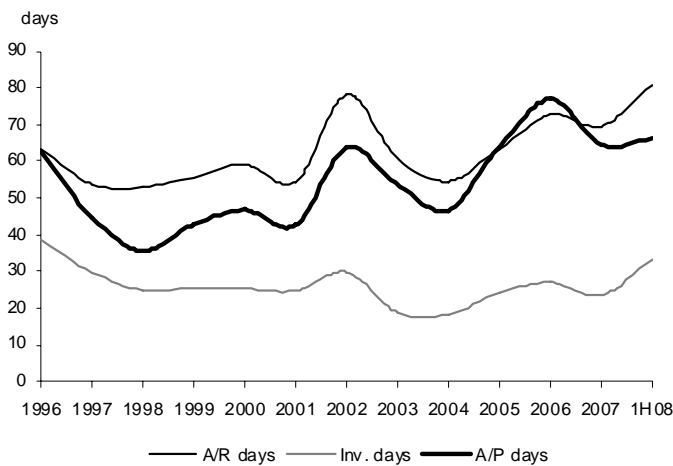
Acer's net cash position has been weakening since 2006 due to its aggressive acquisitions over the past two years. Net cash to equity has dropped from 49% in 2006 to 1H08's 10%. While we are heading into a more challenging year, we are concerned that Acer's inventory management will become even more difficult and that its cash requirement for WC may likely surge. In addition, A/R quality may also deteriorate as its distributors may delay their payment due to their tight B/S. In which case, Acer's current low cash position may soon need a new capital injection to fund its WC needs. Of course, if global demand comes in weaker as we have anticipated, Ace's WC burden will also reduce significantly.

Fig 6 Acer's operating cashflow



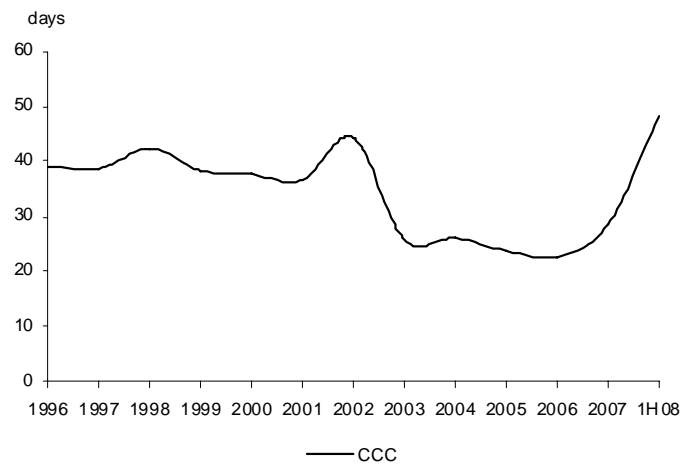
Source: TEJ, Macquarie Research, October 2008

Fig 7 Acer - AR vs AP vs Inventory days



Source: TEJ, Macquarie Research, October 2008

Fig 8 Acer's cash conversion cycle is worsening



Source: TEJ, Macquarie Research, October 2008

Different from other PC ODM/EMSs, we believe Acer's inventory and A/R are more difficult to control than A/P during this down cycle. Acer's A/P can be managed as it can put pressure on its suppliers due to its pricing power. However, Acer's cash requirement will come mostly from its inventory and A/R. We provide a quick sensitivity analysis on Acer where we focus on its inventory and A/R days and how an increase in WC would affect its current net cash position.

Acer was considered a cash-rich firm in the past. After its recent aggressive acquisitions, the firm is now no longer that cash rich. In fact, its high working capital nature is eating at much of its cashflow. In our base case, assuming Acer's A/R worsens by 20% and inventory increases by 20%, Acer may require an additional NT\$38.6bn, which is significantly higher than its existing cash on hand (NT\$20–25bn) and its net debt to equity may rise to as high as 31%. We believe Acer will continue to squeeze its suppliers (ODM/EMS partners) and try to manage its inventory. We believe the latter part will be more difficult during a weakening economy. Hence, the WC risk is higher.

Fig 9 Acer WC requirement and net debt (cash) sensitivity analysis

Inventory vs AR	5%	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%
5%	9,651	16,375	23,099	29,823	36,548	43,272
10%	12,577	19,301	26,025	32,750	39,474	46,198
15%	15,503	22,227	28,952	35,676	42,400	49,124
20%	18,429	25,154	31,878	38,602	45,326	52,051
25%	21,356	28,080	34,804	41,529	48,253	54,977
30%	24,282	31,006	37,731	44,455	51,179	57,903
Net debt/equity	5%	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%
5%	0%	7%	15%	22%	29%	36%
10%	3%	11%	18%	25%	32%	40%
15%	6%	14%	21%	28%	35%	43%
20%	10%	17%	24%	31%	39%	46%
25%	13%	20%	27%	34%	42%	49%
30%	16%	23%	30%	38%	45%	52%

Source: Macquarie Research, October, 2008

Note: Grey shading represents base-case assumptions and red text indicates the worst-case scenario

Street's high expectations

At this moment, consensus is still projecting 18–20% sales growth in 2009. We find it difficult to achieve. We expect NB ASP to fall by as much as 15% in 2009 due to the poor economy. Acer needs to generate much stronger shipment growth to compensate for ASP losses and to meet such high revenue expectations. In addition, global NB demand should come in lower next year, which we expect to grow only 14%. Finally, Acer's new acquired brands are losing market share. All will likely make Acer difficult to meet such high growth numbers.

The street is also expecting Acer's OPM to expand from 2008's 2.2% to 2.5%. Given growing competition and fast falling ASPs in the NB industry, we find it hard to believe Acer is able to manage margin expansion even with help from some component cost declines. We expect Acer's OPM to be flat or down in 2009.

Aspire One is the only bright spot

Same as Asustek, we are positive on netbook's volume growth. We project Acer's Aspire One will grow from 4m in 2008 to 8m units in 2009. However, the netbook contribution will not be enough to offset the challenges in conventional NB industry, in our view.

Valuation – still not exciting

Despite its recent, sharp share price fall, we find it difficult to turn positive on Acer. Our key concerns remain its worsening fundamental outlook and street's high expectations. We would wait for more earnings downgrades to come.

Our TP of NT\$45 is based on sum-of-parts, where we assign 9x PER to its 2009E core earnings. The 9x PER is similar to where DELL and HPQ are trading at the moment. While the sector is facing multiple challenges, we suggest investors stay away from Acer for now until we are clear about NB demand, the price competition situation, and more reasonable earnings expectations by the street.

Fig 10 Acer sum-of-part valuation

	2009
Acer net income ex-disposal gains after tax	11,529
EPS ex-disposal gain	4.36
Target PER multiple (09)	9
Core business value	39.26
plus net cash per share	5.15
Target price ex-investment income	44.41
Investment value	0.59
Target price	45

Source: Macquarie Research, October 2008

Acer (2353 TT, Neutral, Target price: NT\$45.00)

Quarterly Results					Profit & Loss						
		2Q/08A	3Q/08E	4Q/08E	1Q/09E		2007A	2008E	2009E	2010E	
Revenue	m	124,811	159,131	177,648	151,585	Revenue	m	462,066	588,966	647,521	686,668
Gross Profit	m	13,500	16,058	17,919	15,003	Gross Profit	m	47,419	60,942	64,264	67,914
Operating Expenses	m	-10,787	-12,514	-13,958	-11,989	Operating Expenses	m	-37,234	-47,986	-50,752	-53,060
Operating Income	m	2,713	3,545	3,961	3,014	Operating Income	m	10,185	12,956	13,512	14,854
Net Non-operating income	m	1,205	825	825	525	Net Non-operating income	m	4,924	3,420	2,100	2,100
Pre-Tax Income	m	3,918	4,370	4,786	3,539	Pre-Tax Income	m	15,109	16,377	15,612	16,954
Tax Expense	m	-994	-874	-957	-708	Tax Expense	m	-2,666	-3,276	-3,122	-3,391
Exceptionals	m	755	600	600	300	Exceptionals	m	4,167	2,743	1,200	1,200
Minority Interests	m	0	0	0	0	Minority Interests	m	515	0	0	0
Reported Earnings	m	2,924	3,496	3,829	2,831	Reported Earnings	m	12,958	13,101	12,489	13,563
Reported Earnings (bonus exp)	m	2,924	3,496	3,829	2,831	Reported Earnings (bonus exp)	m	10,677	13,101	12,489	13,563
Bonus exp / Reported Earnings	%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Bonus exp / Reported Earnings	%	17.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Adjusted Earnings	m	2,232	2,959	3,292	2,594	Adjusted Earnings	m	9,342	10,610	11,541	12,615
EBITDA	m	3,004	3,841	4,264	3,318	EBITDA	m	11,328	14,136	14,751	16,154
EPS (rep)	NT\$	1.09	1.32	1.45	1.07	EPS (rep)	NT\$	5.33	4.92	4.73	5.13
EPS pcg growth (rep)	%	36.4	10.7	47.6	0.7	EPS growth (rep)	%	10.1	-7.7	-4.0	8.6
EPS (rep bonus exp)	NT\$	1.09	1.32	1.45	1.07	EPS (rep bonus exp)	NT\$	4.39	4.92	4.73	5.13
EPS pcg growth (rep bonus exp)	%	65.5	34.4	79.1	0.7	EPS growth (rep bonus exp)	%	21.7	12.1	-4.0	8.6
EPS (adj)	NT\$	0.83	1.12	1.25	0.98	EPS (adj)	NT\$	3.83	3.99	4.37	4.77
EPS pcg growth (adj)	%	21.2	-19.0	6.5	23.8	EPS growth (adj)	%	40.3	4.1	9.4	9.3
Revenue pcg growth	%	33.5	30.5	20.8	19.0	PE (rep)	x	7.6	8.2	8.5	7.9
Operating Income pcg growth	%	38.3	26.3	14.2	10.1	PE (rep bonus adj)	x	9.2	8.2	8.5	7.9
Reported Earnings pcg growth	%	47.6	19.8	59.8	-0.7	PE (adj)	x	10.5	10.1	9.3	8.5
Gross Profit Margin	%	10.8	10.1	10.1	9.9	Total DPS	NT\$	3.18	2.97	2.84	3.08
Operating Income Margin	%	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.0	Total Div Yield	%	7.9	7.4	7.0	7.6
Reported Earnings Margin	%	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.9	Weighted Average Shares	m	2,432	2,663	2,643	2,643
EBITDA Margin	%	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	Period End Shares	m	2,442	2,643	2,643	2,643
Profit and Loss Ratios					Cashflow Analysis						
		2007A	2008E	2009E	2010E		2007A	2008E	2009E	2010E	
Revenue Growth	%	25.2	27.5	9.9	6.0	Reported Earnings	m	12,958	13,101	12,489	13,563
Gross Profit Growth	%	21.9	28.5	5.5	5.7	Depreciation & Amortisation	m	1,142	1,179	1,239	1,300
Operating Income Growth	%	30.4	27.2	4.3	9.9	Chgs in Working Cap	m	-25,231	-22,580	-8,561	-5,184
Reported Earnings Growth	%	14.1	1.1	-4.7	8.6	Other	m	5,152	-420	1,616	1,616
EBITDA Growth	%	27.2	24.8	4.4	9.5	Operating Cashflow	m	-5,978	-8,720	6,784	11,296
Gross Profit Margin	%	10.3	10.3	9.9	9.9	Acquisitions	m	-217	0	0	0
Operating Income Margin	%	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	Capex	m	-535	-700	-800	-800
Reported Earnings Margin	%	2.8	2.2	1.9	2.0	Asset Sales	m	8,734	2,808	1,200	1,200
EBITDA Margin	%	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.4	Other	m	12,333	0	0	0
Payout Ratio	%	83.0	74.5	64.9	64.5	Investing Cashflow	m	20,315	2,108	400	400
EV/EBITDA	x	7.1	6.4	6.1	5.6	Dividend (Ordinary)	m	-9,395	-7,775	-7,861	-7,494
EV/EBIT	x	7.9	7.0	6.7	6.1	Equity Raised	m	0	2,372	0	0
Balance Sheet Ratios						Debt Movements	m	14,354	210	240	240
ROE	%	12.4	13.0	12.9	13.1	Other	m	-26,432	1,233	-416	-343
ROA	%	4.7	5.1	4.9	5.0	Financing Cashflow	m	-21,473	-3,959	-8,037	-7,597
ROIC	%	34.0	17.7	14.8	15.0	Net Chg in Cash/Debt	m	-6,157	-10,572	-853	4,099
Net Debt/Equity	%	-24.4	-15.7	-14.7	-18.6	Free Cashflow	m	-6,513	-9,420	5,984	10,496
Interest Cover	x	nfm	nfm	nfm	nfm	FCF per Share	NT\$	-2.68	-3.54	2.26	3.97
Price/Book	x	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	P/FCF	x	-15.1	-11.4	17.8	10.2
Book Value per Share	NT\$	31.5	32.6	34.9	37.8	Balance Sheet					
						Cash	m	41,053	24,421	24,526	29,726
						Receivables	m	102,406	121,191	134,485	142,616
						Inventories	m	33,816	53,169	58,526	62,064
						Investments	m	11,203	11,433	11,681	11,929
						Fixed Assets	m	8,636	8,439	8,286	8,072
						Intangibles	m	0	0	0	0
						Other Assets	m	46,170	46,150	47,954	49,684
						Total Assets	m	243,283	264,802	285,458	304,091
						Payables	m	80,843	96,466	106,557	113,042
						Short Term Debt	m	5,372	1,722	1,802	1,882
						Long Term Debt	m	16,791	9,033	9,113	9,193
						Provisions	m	0	0	0	0
						Other Liabilities	m	62,868	70,771	75,109	79,446
						Total Liabilities	m	165,874	177,993	192,581	203,563
						Total S/H Equity	m	77,409	86,810	92,877	100,528
						Total Liab & S/H Funds	m	243,283	264,802	285,458	304,091

All figures in NT\$ unless noted.

Source: Company data, Macquarie Research, October 2008

Important disclosures:

Recommendation definitions	Volatility index definition*	Financial definitions
<p>Macquarie - Australia/New Zealand Outperform – return >5% in excess of benchmark return (>2.5% in excess for listed property trusts) Neutral – return within 5% of benchmark return (within 2.5% for listed property trusts) Underperform – return >5% below benchmark return (>2.5% below for listed property trusts)</p> <p>Macquarie – Asia/Europe Outperform – expected return >+10% Neutral – expected return from -10% to +10% Underperform – expected return <-10%</p> <p>Macquarie First South - South Africa Outperform – expected return >+10% Neutral – expected return from -10% to +10% Underperform – expected return <-10%</p> <p>Macquarie – Canada Outperform – return >5% in excess of benchmark return Neutral – return within 5% of benchmark return Underperform – return >5% below benchmark return</p> <p>Macquarie – USA Outperform (Buy) – return >5% in excess of benchmark return Neutral (Hold) – return within 5% of benchmark return Underperform (Sell) – return >5% below benchmark return</p> <p>Recommendations – 12 months</p> <p>Note: Quant recommendations may differ from Fundamental Analyst recommendations</p>	<p>This is calculated from the volatility of historic price movements.</p> <p>Very high–highest risk – Stock should be expected to move up or down 60–100% in a year – investors should be aware this stock is highly speculative.</p> <p>High – stock should be expected to move up or down at least 40–60% in a year – investors should be aware this stock could be speculative.</p> <p>Medium – stock should be expected to move up or down at least 30–40% in a year.</p> <p>Low–medium – stock should be expected to move up or down at least 25–30% in a year.</p> <p>Low – stock should be expected to move up or down at least 15–25% in a year.</p> <p>* Applicable to Australian/NZ stocks only</p>	<p>All "Adjusted" data items have had the following adjustments made: Added back: goodwill amortisation, provision for catastrophe reserves, IFRS derivatives & hedging, IFRS impairments & IFRS interest expense Excluded: non recurring items, asset revals, property revals, appraisal value uplift, preference dividends & minority interests</p> <p>EPS = adjusted net profit / epowa* ROA = adjusted ebit / average total assets ROA Banks/Insurance = adjusted net profit / average total assets ROE = adjusted net profit / average shareholders funds Gross cashflow = adjusted net profit + depreciation *equivalent fully paid ordinary weighted average number of shares</p> <p>All Reported numbers for Australian/NZ listed stocks are modelled under IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards).</p>

Recommendation proportions – For quarter ending 30 September 2008

	AU/NZ	Asia	RSA	USA	CA	EUR
Outperform	43.17%	61.57%	63.08%	53.60%	71.54%	43.00%
Neutral	41.37%	16.43%	30.77%	37.60%	24.61%	48.00%
Underperform	15.47%	22.00%	6.15%	8.80%	3.85%	9.00%

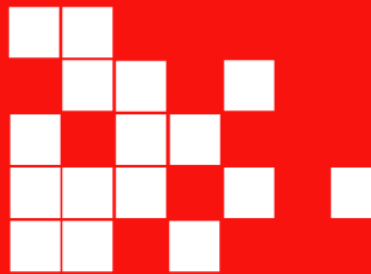
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